# Earth observation perspective in Mineral Exploration & mining

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# Thrust area

# Exploration

- Regional geological survey
- Specific anomaly detection

#### Geo environment

- Impact assessment
- Change detection and monitoring
- Subsidence
- Monitoring of mining activity
  - Large scale open cast mining activity

#### Major categories of earth observation data

- Multispectral data: For mapping regional geology, geomorphology and structure
- Very high resolution data: Monitoring
- •DEM: Change detection and impact assessment
- •Hyperspectral data: Mapping alteration zones, oxidation zone etc
- Thermal data: Change detection and monitoring of environmental hazards
- •Microwave Data: Spatially supplementary data for regional geological mapping, buried structure( L band microwave remote sensing) & subsidence (interferometric data)



### Major scope in exploration

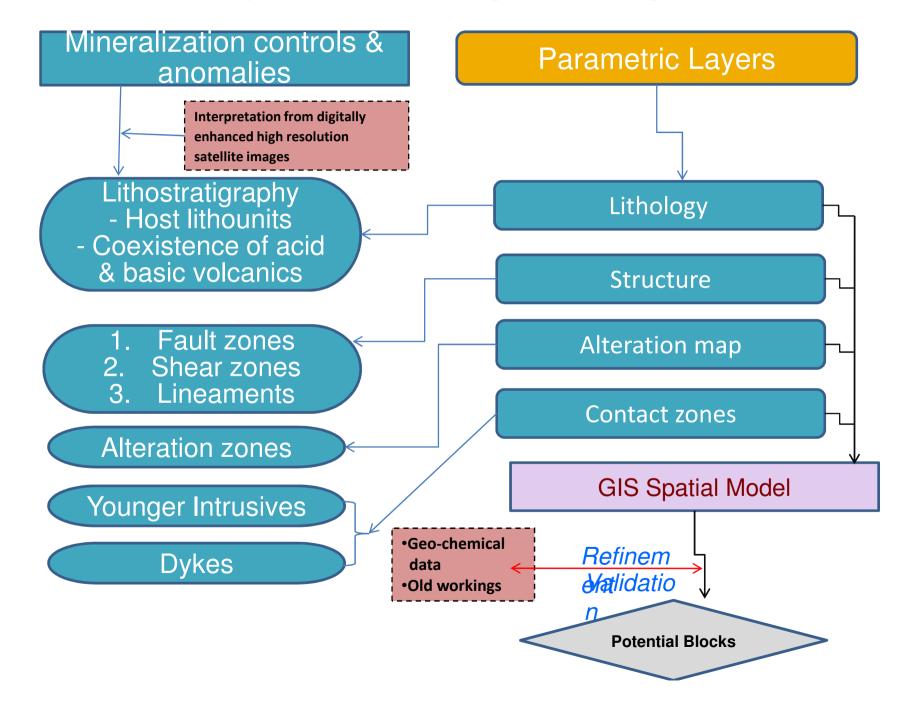
- •Regional mapping of lineaments or deformed zones along which minerals are concentrated
- Detailed mapping of fractures and host rocks controlling individual load
- •indication on actual extent of deposit by delineating hydrothermally altered rocks, oil seepage associated with ore deposits & petroleum resp etc.



### Science of exploration

- <u>Surface signatures of brittle-ductile deformation</u> is often prominent in imageries.
- •<u>Reflectance spectra</u> of terrain elements have absorption features( insensitive to sensor-target distance) sensitive to mineralogy recorded able from space-borne sensors.
- <u>Mineralogical of proxies</u> like drainage pattern, land use-land cover sensitive host rock of mineralization and associated geological structures are mappable.
- <u>Space-borne digital elevation data</u> can be used in demarc topographic control of ore forming processes.

#### **Exploration flow chart using remote sensing data**



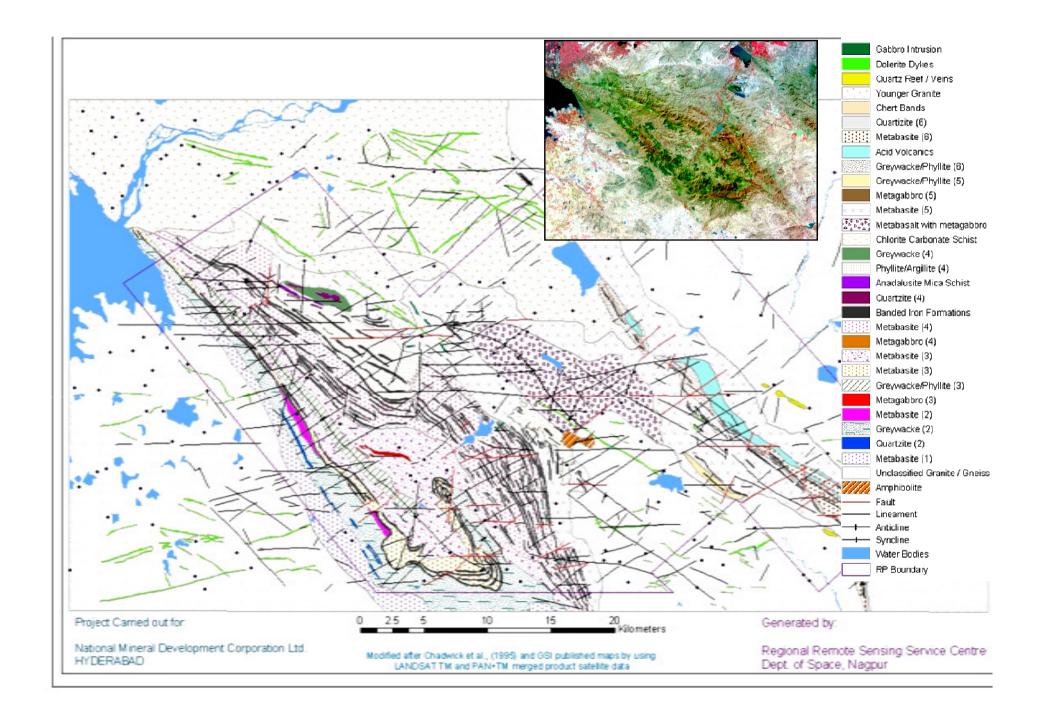
# Geoenvironment impact assessment and change

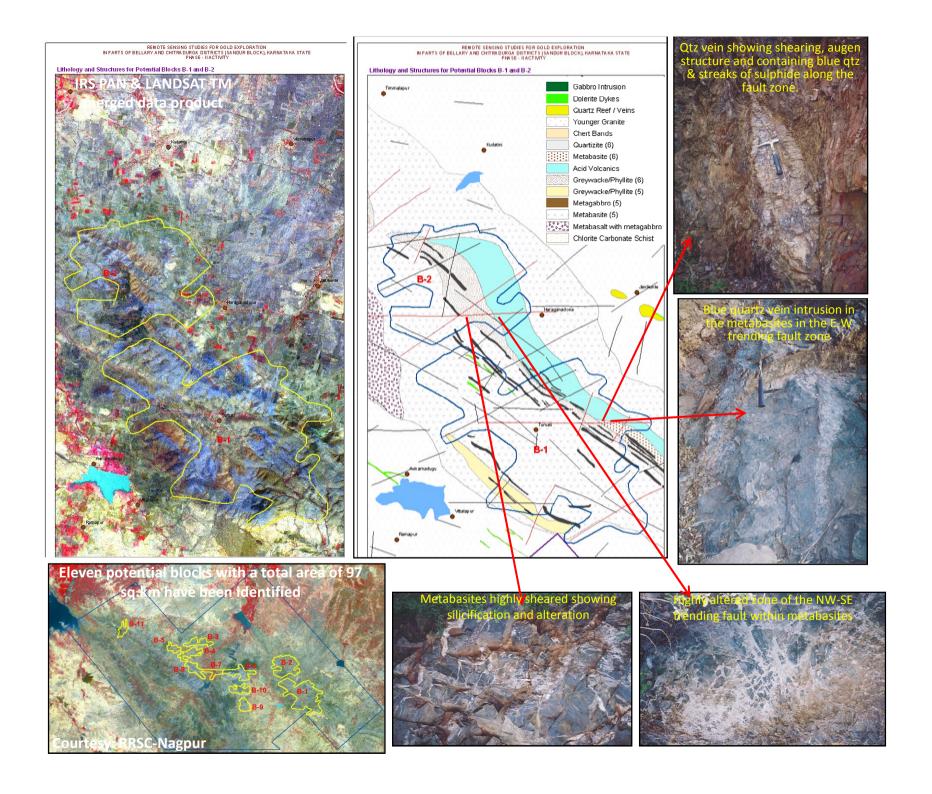
### Environmental degradation - land

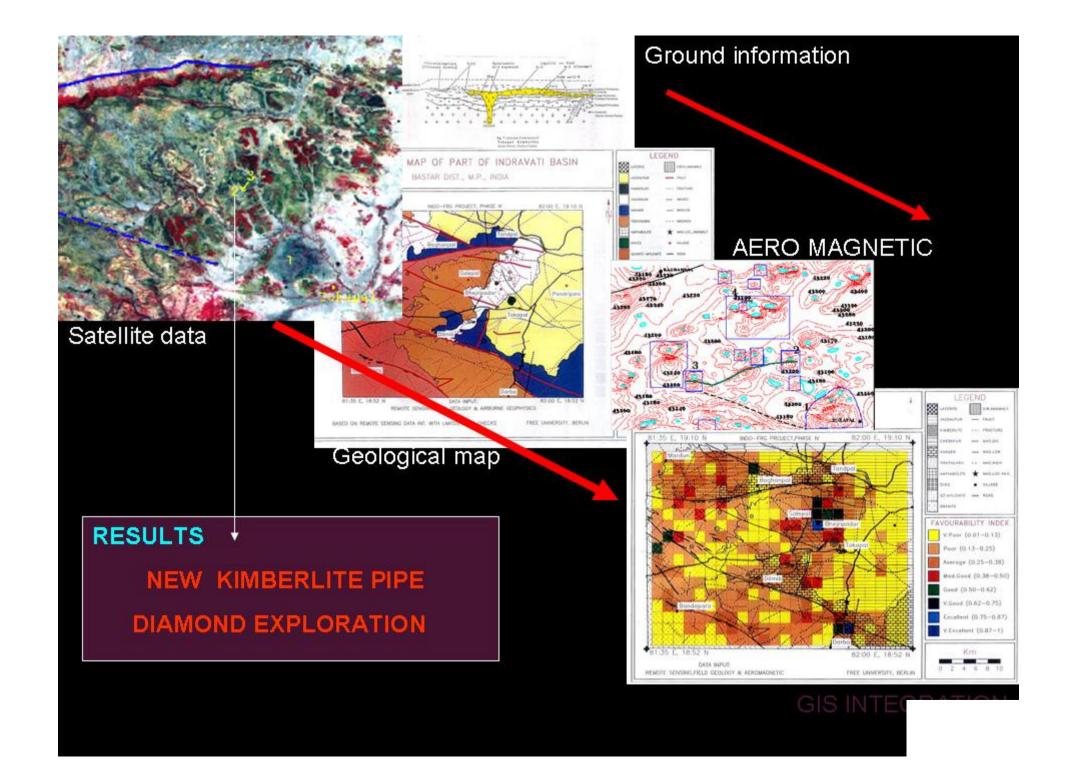
- Changes associated with open-cast mining
- Land subsidence in underground mining
- Deforestation and erosion in river catchments
- Forest fires
- Land degradation due to natural disasters
- Waste disposal from nuclear power plants

### Environmental degradation - air

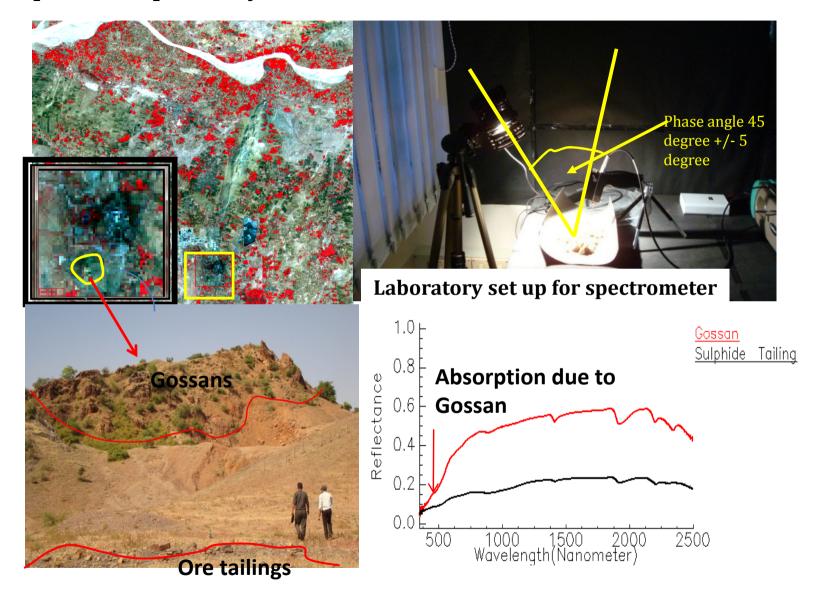
- Spread and dispersion of smoke plumes from industries and power plants
- Environmental degradation water
  - Discharge and dispersion of thermal plumes from industries and power plants into rivers and lakes
  - Waste from nuclear power plants/Mines
  - Oil spill into ocean







#### **Spectroscopic study of rocks**



Each spectroscopic profiles are being interpreted based on semi quantitative mineralogical data (XRD/EPMA).

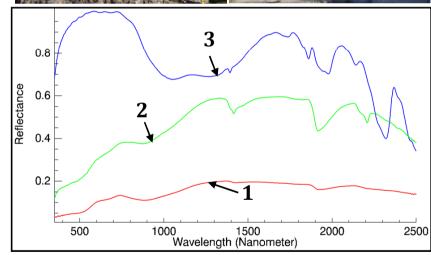


2. Quartzite

3. Carbonate rock



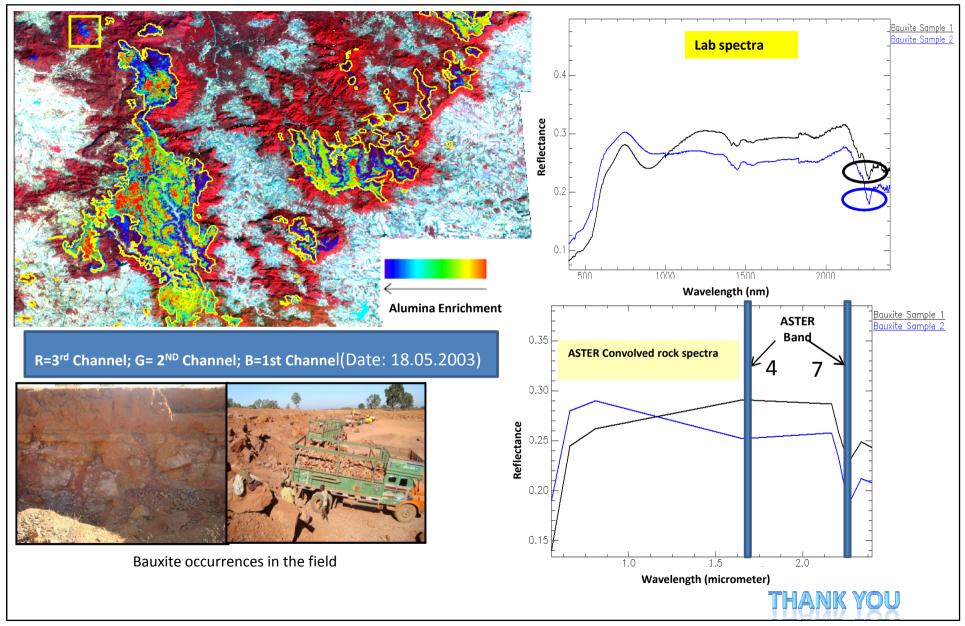




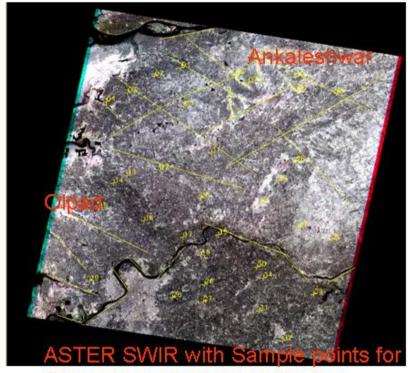
- 1. Gossan is a patch of rusty rock /oxidized zone
- 2. Indication mineral and guide for sulphide ore search
- 3. Minerologically composed of Goethite, Hydrogoethite and other iron oxide minerals etc
- 4. Dariba gossan named as *national gossan monument*
- 5. Dariba is *Type Area* for oxidized zones.

#### **Delineation of Lateritic Bauxite in Jharkhand state**

#### **Highlight: Update the extent of lateritic bauxite**

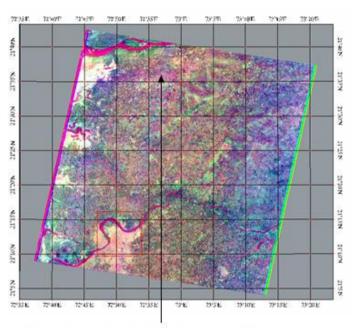


Onshore shallow gas seepages around Ankaleshwar, Olpad and Kosambai main field using ASTER (SWIR) data

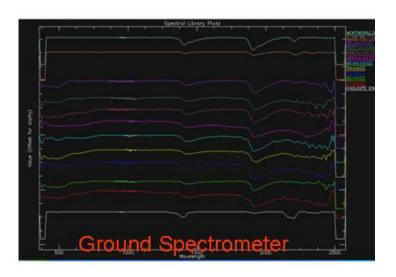


Ground spectrometer collection



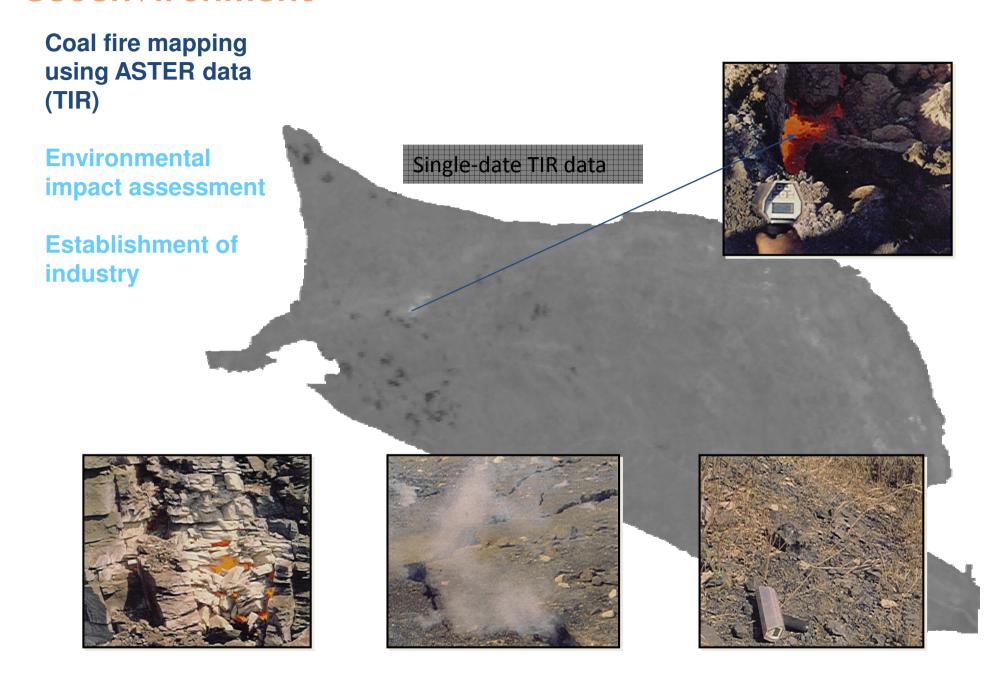


Magenta colour indicates probable seepage zones



### Geoenvironment

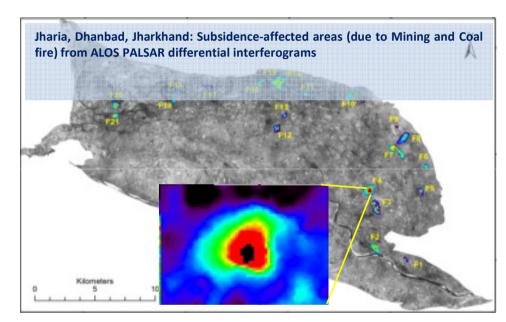
#### **JHARIA COALFIELDS**



#### Deformation:

#### **Land Subsidence: Potential Applications**

- Mining / Coal fire related Land subsidence in Jharaia coal field (Jharkhand)
- 2. Ground water related land subsidence in Indo-Gangetic Plains
- 3. Oil /Ground water exploitation related subsidence in Delta regions (Krishna-Godavari Delta)







THANK YOU